

Patch the Roof

"We can't patch the roof when it rains, and we don't need the roof patched when it doesn't rain." That is the reasoning of the sluggard.

But the man with a headpiece thinks ahead. The time to patch the roof is now. And while we are patching the roof let us lay in fire-wood, and repair the road so that winter will not destroy it, and lay a log over the stream for the children to cross on in going to school.

How to Vote

Do not vote for money. No man and no party is rich enough to buy the vote of any honest man. Your vote is a sacred responsibility, and it is never for sale.

And if you will not vote for money you will not vote for favor, or to please somebody else, for any selfish advantage. Your vote is a trust—you represent your wife, and your neighbors, and your country, and are honor bound to respect their interests and not merely your own. Do not vote for a man because you think he is going to be elected. You are to vote according to your conscience whether anybody else votes that way or not.

Vote for the man that you think will do the most good for all the people of this whole country.

And do not be upset by any of the lies that will be set afloat just before the election. Listen, think and pray, make up your mind beforehand, and then vote for your country and your God.

Can Wilson or Hughes accept defeat as gracefully as Taft did?

Vote for the Republican candidates for Congress and for County Judge.

AMERICAN FAIR PLAY

While the people of the United States have been sending thirty million dollars' worth of relief to Europe and Turkey, two hundred thousand women and children in Albania have died of starvation.

While each woman and child in Belgium has plenty to eat, women and children in Albania have gnawed at the carcasses of dead horses in the streets.

William Willard Howard, of New York, who has returned from his third trip to this hunger zone of Europe, predicts that the entire population of Albania will die of famine and pestilence unless helped. He says that in Albania corn is fifty dollars a bushel, flour eighty dollars a sack, and macaroni five dollars a pound.

"The tragedy of Albania," says Mr. Howard, "is that a nation is dying of hunger, while the people of the United States, laden with gifts for the rest of Europe and for Turkey, pass by on the other side."

"Is it fair—is it human—that the innocent women and children of Albania, who never did anyone any harm, should be trampled under foot and left to perish, at a time when all others are fed?"

"Is this American fair play?"

"I ask only American fair play for

the famished children of Albania. I ask of all fair-minded men and women in the United States: Why should the Albanians—three hundred thousand of them Christians, be left to starve, while we press forward, in generous rivalry, to feed the others? The Albanians are more numerous than the Armenians; yet we feed the Armenians and let the Albanians starve.

"Having appealed to deaf ears in high places, I now appeal to the plain people—to fair-minded men and women who would not let even a dog starve to death, no matter what his breed. I want to go back to Albania with a shipload of food. I have arranged for a ship—a new American ship, just launched and fitted for sea. The ship is ready and waiting.

A number of distinguished gentlemen in New York—mostly clergymen and editors of newspapers—will co-operate in an appeal for a relief cargo for the ship. The treasurer selected to receive the contributions is the Rev. Frederick Lynch, D.D., editor of The Christian Work and secretary of the Carnegie Church Peace Union. Contributions in any amount—from the price of a loaf of bread upward—may be sent to the Balkan Relief Fund, 70 Fifth avenue, New York city."

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In order that you may enjoy Dr. Southwick's reading of Macbeth next Wednesday night be sure to read the story of Macbeth found under the Home Department page 6 of this issue. This was especially prepared for our readers as we are anxious that you get the very most out of the reading.

The list of prize winners of Jackson County Agricultural and School Fair will be published next issue.

You will do well to attend Mr. Chrisman's stove demonstration as advertised on page 5. Are you keeping up with the Dodge Motor Car advertisements? There is an especially good one in this issue on page 5.

What about the departmental page? It is better each issue. Students read it first of all. It is full of interest to the home folks. In fact everybody reads it and every other page. The advertisements are interesting and we call especial attention to them.

We are sorry space forbids us telling of the splendid success of Jackson County's second attempt in Agricultural and School Fair. Last year, the exhibits were small, but this time the auditorium of the Court house was crowded with exhibits. The splendid co-operation of the schools in this work was a noticeable feature. It was everyone's fair and the interest and enthusiasm manifested in the school, home and farm problem showed no lack of organization on the part of Superintendent, Teachers, and County Agents, Miss Spence and Reynolds. We wish to call your attention to the essays found in the Vocational Column, Home Department and Farm Department of this issue. They are splendid. They will give you an idea of some of the work done at this fair. These are prize essays and well deserve the space they occupy. These country school girls are to be congratulated. With the coming generation in Jackson County thinking along these lines, we can see advancement and progress in Jackson County.

IN OUR OWN STATE

Retail coal was raised \$1 a ton in price in Louisville last Thursday. It was the fourth increase of the season, and a further rise is expected.

Dr. J. W. Frost, corresponding secretary of the Southern Baptist Convention Sunday-school Board, died in Nashville, Tenn., Monday night.

Complaint against the rates charged by the B. & O. railroad between Mayfield, Ky., and Eastern States was filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission Thursday by the Commercial Club of Mayfield and Graves County.

The Kentucky Daughters of the American Revolution refused to adopt a resolution denouncing Secretary of War Baker for his alleged comparison of American revolutionists with Mexican bandits.

Suspension of numerous newspapers due to the increased price of print paper was predicted by C. S. Clark, of the Western Newspaper Union, in a speech before the Bluegrass Publishers and Printers' Association, organized last Friday at Lexington.

Livestock men of Louisville, Cincinnati and Indianapolis are among those of the nation at large complaining Monday to the Interstate Commerce Commission of excessive rates on stock or feeder cattle, hogs and sheep in carloads.

Madison Circuit Court

The term adjourned last Saturday was an exceedingly busy one.

In the case of Mat Shearer vs. W. M. Hisle for failure to deliver a load of hogs there was a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of \$210.00.

James Carnes vs. W. L. Morris judgment for the plaintiff for \$39.55.

In the case of Phelps Administrator vs. the L. & N. R. R. a verdict for \$3,000.00 for the plaintiff was awarded. This case arose out of the alleged carelessness of the company in the movements of its train, which it is alleged gave a sudden lurch and threw the defendant against a window, breaking the glass and cutting an artery, from the bleeding of which the boy died in a short time. The alleged carelessness was denied by the company and it claimed that it was by the boy's own carelessness that the injury was received.

Mattie Sanifer on a plea of guilty was given one year in the penitentiary, and Noel Stivers on a like charge and plea got the same term.

Lee County's Oil Find

A 100 barrels per day well was sunk outside of the defined fields of Lee County. The well was drilled by the Beattyville Oil Company and was designed for a test well which makes it all the more valuable to Kentucky. It is on the William Everett farm, near Willow Shoals, and was drilled to a depth of 1,200 feet before any showing was made.

Whitley County Reports Oil

A small well is reported authoritatively at Williamsburg in Whitley County. Two rigs are at work in that district. In Knox County, near Barbourville, three rigs have been moved in and prospects are good for lively activity. The well reported some weeks ago at Glen Mary in Scott County, Tennessee, is reported to be a substantial 15 barrel pumper.

Bluegrass Publishers and Printers Organize

At Lexington on last Friday the publishers and printers of the State met to complete an organization protective of their craft. The excessive rise of the price of print paper, which has more than doubled within the past six months and which will according to the prophesies of those who know the market go to ten cents per pound, brought twenty-five or more of the publishers together to organize the Bluegrass Publishers and Printers Association.

J. M. Allen, of the Cynthiana Democrat, was elected president; Guy Johnson, of the Guy Johnson Printing Company, Lexington, was elected vice-president; D. M. Hutton, of the Harrodsburg Herald, was elected secretary-treasurer. The president was given the power to appoint an executive committee of three members. (Continued on Page Eight)

U. S. NEWS

Pre-election figures compiled by both Democratic and Republican managers indicate the closest contest for the presidential election ever witnessed in the history of the United States.

A special meeting of the United States Chamber of Commerce has been called for November 17 and 18 in Washington to discuss the eight-hour day law investigation.

Women campaigners of the Hughes special train met a stormy reception at Kansas City, when men of their escort clashed with a rival faction and several were struck, banners torn and autos damaged.

The Interstate Commerce Commission will make a searching inquiry into the car shortage situation with a view to fixing responsibility for the shortage of freight cars, and a hearing will be held in Louisville tomorrow.

Carranza representatives on the Joint Commission at Atlantic City issued a statement Monday explaining reasons for believing that the Carranza Government is growing stronger and enumerating improvements in the social and industrial conditions.

Several Americans are reported to have been drowned when the British steamer Marina was torpedoed. Seventy of the crew of 104 are missing. Wesley Frost, American consul at Queenstown, reported he had "provisional" information that the vessel was sent down without warning. Washington officials have ordered a full investigation.

AMERICANS ON TORPEDOED BOAT

Number Reported Drowned on Lost Ship.

IS SUNK WITHOUT WARNING

Only Thirty-Four Survivors of Crew of 104 of the Marina Have Been Landed—Seven Americans Reported Lost on British Steamer Rowanmore.

London, Oct. 31.—The American embassy has received a report from Wesley Frost, American consul at Queenstown, that the British steamer Marina had been torpedoed without warning by a German submarine. In reply to an inquiry from the American embassy the British admiralty said that there were forty-nine Americans in the crew of the Marina. According to the admiralty the Marina was torpedoed, but it had not been ascertained whether warning was given.

No official information is available as to whether any Americans were drowned, although only thirty-four survivors of the crew of 104 have been landed at Crookhaven. A private telegram received by the American consulate from Crookhaven said that a number of Americans were drowned. The Marina, which was outbound, was torpedoed twice and broke in two. It is reported that men were drowned while attempting to lower boats. The admiralty says that the ship was not under government charter. Consul Frost has been ordered to obtain all available information in regard to Americans on the vessel. He is now procuring affidavits from survivors.

A report of the sinking, on Oct. 26, of the British steamer Rowanmore also was made to the American embassy by Mr. Frost, who states that the vessel was torpedoed. Seven Americans, including five Filipinos, were on board the Rowanmore. Several of them have given Mr. Frost affidavits stating that a submarine shelled the lifeboats while they were being lowered and after they were clear of the ship, without causing loss of life. The Marina, which has been engaged in trans-Atlantic service, was a vessel of 5,250 tons gross, built in 1900. She was last reported as having arrived at Glasgow on Oct. 10, after having sailed from Newport, News on Sept. 21.

MAY OPEN UP U-BOAT ISSUE

Loss of American Lives May Revive Old Controversy. Washington, Oct. 31.—Destruction of the British horse transport Marina (Continued on Page Eight)

CHARLES H. STRONG.

Investigator Raps Private Charities.



Photo by American Press Association.

New York, Oct. 31.—Mr. Strong, who was appointed by Governor Whitman to investigate the charges by the New York city charities department against the state board of charities, criticised the latter and many private institutions under its control. In his report just issued he says conditions in some of these institutions are a disgrace to the state.

CARRANZA CAPTAIN LED BIG BEND ATTACK

Clash Over Rio Grande Caused by Chico Cano.

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 31.—The thirty Mexicans who opened fire on an American detachment in the Big Bend district several weeks ago, precipitating a fight that lasted for forty-five minutes, were under command of Chico Cano. This information was contained in a written report on the affair just received by General Funston from Major John D. Long, commanding the squadron of Texas cavalry on duty in the section.

Cano holds rank as captain in the Carranza garrison at Ojinaga. He has been identified with border disturbances for the last two or three years.

Major Long's report threw the first light on the composition of the Mexican band. According to the report the American detachment discovered two of the Mexicans on this side of the Rio Grande signaling to their companions to cross.

Three men were captured and are still held by the civil authorities. After they had been taken, Cano's force opened fire. In the ensuing engagement one Mexican was wounded and was reported to have died later.

The report indicates that soldiers in Cano's command had been drinking.

HEARING ON SAND DUNES PROJECT

Would Make National Park of District.

INDIANA WELL REPRESENTED

U. S. Official Hears Testimony of Many Prominent People Who Urge South Lake Shore Be Taken Over by the Government.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—Stephen J. Mather, assistant secretary of the interior, opened a public hearing in the federal building here on the government's proposal to convert the Lake Michigan sand dunes district into a national park. The hearing was held in Judge Kohlstaet's courtroom.

Hundreds of lovers of outdoor life who crowded the courtroom included many persons from out of town. Among the organizations represented were the Chicago Woman's Club, the Indiana Federation of Clubs, the Indiana Society of Chicago, the Daughters of Indiana, the Indiana Academy of Science, the Geographic Society of Chicago, the Chicago Association of Commerce, the Chicago City Club, the Outdoor Art League, and the Muskegon (Continued on Page Eight)

WORLD NEWS

An effort of the Germans to reverse the tide of English and French success in the region of the Somme, by a sharp counter attack, was checked by the French. They made an unexpected attack on one of the German positions around Verdun which compelled the Germans to bring troops from their other field.

The Rumanians seem to be getting the worst of the fighting in the Balkans. They are being driven back from both directions and the two great German-Turkish armies are closing in so they are much like a nut in a nut cracker. To relieve this situation it is reported that the Russians are planning another great drive on Poland, which will serve to draw the Germans back again.

A fleet of German torpedo-boat destroyers made a raid on English transports which carried troops across the English Channel, during the week. It was a very daring act and the English are chagrined that eight of the ten raiders escaped unharm.

Since the beginning of the European war the loss of vessels, destroyed by the allied Germans and Austrians has been large. They have sunk over fifteen hundred enemy vessels, according to official reports, and about two hundred neutral vessels, which were found to carry contraband of war.

England is planning for a revival of trade and industry after the war is over. A great bank of ten million dollars capital is suggested as an aid. This bank will have a royal charter, will establish branches in the colonies and in foreign countries and loan money to producers at more favorable terms than the regular commercial banks can do.

England has decided to turn over to France the territory in Africa, called the Kamerun, on the west coast, which has been taken from Germany. She expects, herself, soon to secure by conquest the German territory in east Africa. Thus is Germany's great aspiration for a colonial empire in Africa ended for the time being.

Australia has recently been testing the policy of conscription. The plan for compulsory military service was put to a popular vote which marks the difference of procedure from that in the homeland. The result in all of the states of Australia that have voted shows a majority against the measure, although it carried in some of the divisions.

The new Japanese prime minister, Terauchi, is said to be in favor of a more aggressive policy for Japan. He is a believer in the use of force in securing ends and is an expansionist. His appointment just at this time raises some important questions especially in relation to the Republic of China, where Japan has already showed a disposition to interfere.

Cabrera, one of the Mexican representatives of the Joint Commission, now sitting at Atlantic City, has called attention, in a letter, to aid that is being given the followers of Villa from across the border in form of ammunition and supplies. He makes the charge that the U. S. government has not used due diligence in preventing this, as it should under the obligations of a neutral nation. The letter is not an official one but the State Department is investigating.

DEFINES SWEDEN'S POSITION

Foreign Minister Says Entrance into War is Not Contemplated.

London, Oct. 31.—"Sweden is in a very difficult position," said the Swedish foreign minister, K. A. Wallenberg, in an interview with the Stockholm correspondent of the Chronicle on Swedish trade and neutrality. He spoke optimistically of the prospect of improved trade relations with Great Britain.

"It is impossible for us to break with Germany because of our urgent need of coal and other supplies with which Germany is furnishing us," said the minister. "From the time of the beginning of the war Sweden was determined to remain neutral and she has never contemplated for an instant entry into the terrible conflict. "As to the economic position of Sweden, as a result of the war, some money has been made by individual industries, but a great many have suffered."